

CONGESTION MANAGEMENT PROCESS (CMP) 2025 UPDATE

Committee Meeting Briefings

April 23, 2026



Today's Agenda

- Congestion Screening Methodology
- Mitigation Strategy Examples
- CMP Strategy Recommendation Review
- Next Steps



Methodology & Primary Data Sources Used

- **26** Potential Congestion ‘Hot Spots’ (Tier 1 Screening)
 - ✓ 2030 Volume/Capacity Ratio (TBRPM)
 - ✓ 2024 Top Recurring Bottleneck Locations (RITIS)
 - ✓ Stakeholder Feedback from November TAC Meeting
- Narrowed down to **9** Priority Locations (Tier 2 Screening)

‘Hot Spots’ meet 2 of the following 3 Criteria:

 1. Roadway Segment with a 2030 V/C Ratio > 1.2
 2. Top 5 Worst Recurring Bottlenecks in Each County
 3. Locations Identified on at Least 4 Stakeholder Maps

Congestion 'Hot Spots'

ID #	ROADWAY	FROM	TO	2030 Maximum Volume/Capacity Ratio	2024 County Bottleneck Ranking	Stakeholder Feedback (# of Maps)
HERNANDO COUNTY						
H-2	County Line Rd	Linden Dr	Oak Chase Blvd	1.27	N/A	4
H-3	Mariner Blvd	Northcliffe Blvd	Linden Dr	1.24	#1	1
H-7	Barclay Ave	Elgin Blvd / Powell Rd	Spring Hill Dr	0.50	#2, #4	5
H-8	Wiscon Road	SR 50 (Cortez Blvd)	California Street	0.39	#5	2
CITRUS COUNTY						
C-6	Dunnellon Road	US 19/US 98	Chabaud Terrace	1.23	N/A	0
C-8	SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy)	US 19/US98	Norvell Bryant Hwy	1.00	#3	5
C-12	SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy)	Independence Hwy	Pleasant Grove Rd	0.77	#6, #2	4
C-13	SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy / Main St)	Pleasant Grove Rd	Citrus High School	1.09	#1	4
C-2	Main St	Grace Street (Citrus Hospital)	SR 44	1.45	#7	5

Mitigation Strategy Types for Consideration

Demand Management Strategies

- Providing & Promoting Transportation Alternatives
- Managing & Pricing Facilities or Parking
- Promoting Flexible Work Patterns or Regional Rideshare Programs
- Managing Land Use, Growth, & Development

Traffic Operations Strategies

- Optimizing Signal Timing
- Managing Access & Turning Movements
- Improving Traffic Incident Response/Clearance Times
- Managing School Zones & Roadway Construction
- Geometry Improvements for High Freight Activity Areas

Roadway Capacity Strategies

- Adding or Extending Turn Lanes at Intersections or High-Traffic Areas
- Constructing New Roadways
- Adding Travel Lanes to Existing Roadways
- Closing Gaps in the Roadway Network

School Congestion Strategies

- **Circulation Improvement**
 - Evaluate and optimize traffic signals around school dismissal times
 - Evaluate the street network to optimize routing to and from school sites
- **Site-Design**
 - Establish a priority parking and loading zone for carpool vehicles
 - Establish off-site waiting lots and curbing and parking zones
- **Encouragement Solutions**
 - Awareness campaign about school bus routes among eligible students
 - School Carpooling Apps (e.g. GoKid, Carpool.School, Hop Skip Drive, etc.)
- **Demand Scheduling**
- **School Transportation Working Group**

H-2: County Line Rd

Linden Drive to Oak Chase Blvd

County Line Rd from Linden Dr to Oak Chase Blvd	
County	Hernando
Segment Length	0.5 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	2
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	1.27
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	N/A
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	19,315
2040 Max Truck Share	4.7%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.3 (WB @ 5:15pm)
Transit Service	Route 8
Crash Hot Spot	No
Non-Motorized Facilities	None
Land Use Factors	Multi-family Residential, New Development



H-2: County Line Rd Linden Drive to Oak Chase Blvd

- County Line Road tapers from 4-lanes to 2-lanes
- Widening of County Line Road from Mariner to Suncoast (FY 2031)
- Potential interim strategies:
 - Westbound right-turn lane on Greymanor Road (Avalon West)
 - Completion of Newbridge Street West to Linden (Frontage Road)

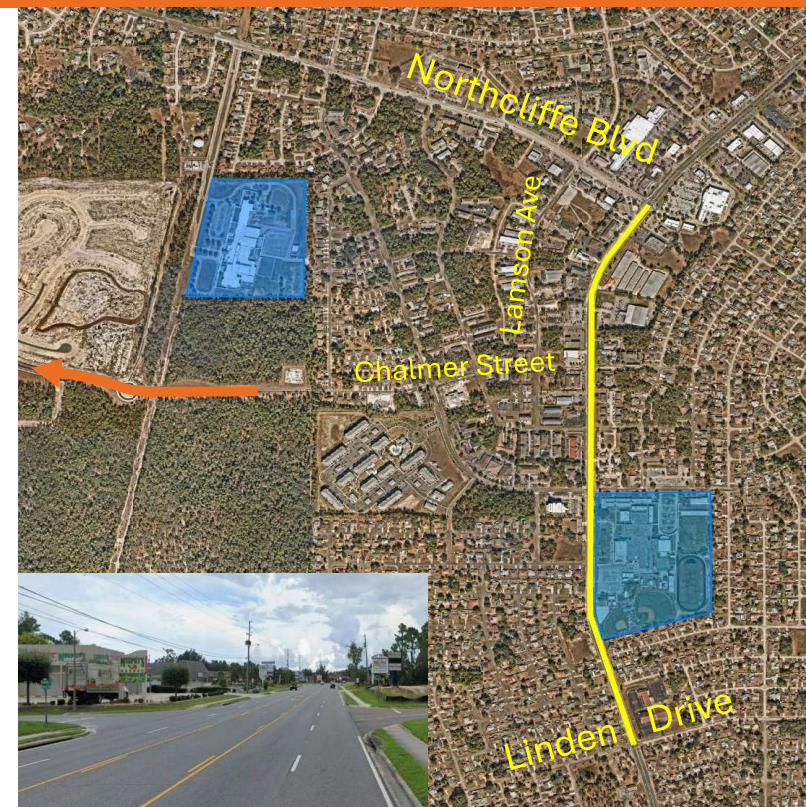
H-3: Mariner Blvd Northcliffe Blvd to Linden Drive

Mariner Blvd from Northcliffe Blvd to Linden Dr	
County	Hernando
Segment Length	1.1 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	4 (w/ Center Turn Lane)
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	1.24
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	#1
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	35,230
2040 Max Truck Share	2.5%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.6 (NB @ 2:15pm)
Transit Service	Route 2 (Blue)
Crash Hot Spot	Yes
Non-Motorized Facilities	Sidewalks
Land Use Factors	Schools (x2), Multi-family Residential, Shopping/Activity Centers, New Development



H-3: Mariner Blvd Northcliffe Blvd to Linden Dr

- Bottleneck associated with school dismissal time.
 - Coordinate with schools to promote transportation options
- Intersection at Northcliffe constrained
 - Quadrant intersection using Chalmer & Lamson for NB to WB and EB to SB movements
- Monitor impacts from completion of Chalmer Street/Bay Drive to Deltona Blvd



H-7: Barclay Ave

Elgin Blvd / Powell Rd to Spring Hill Dr

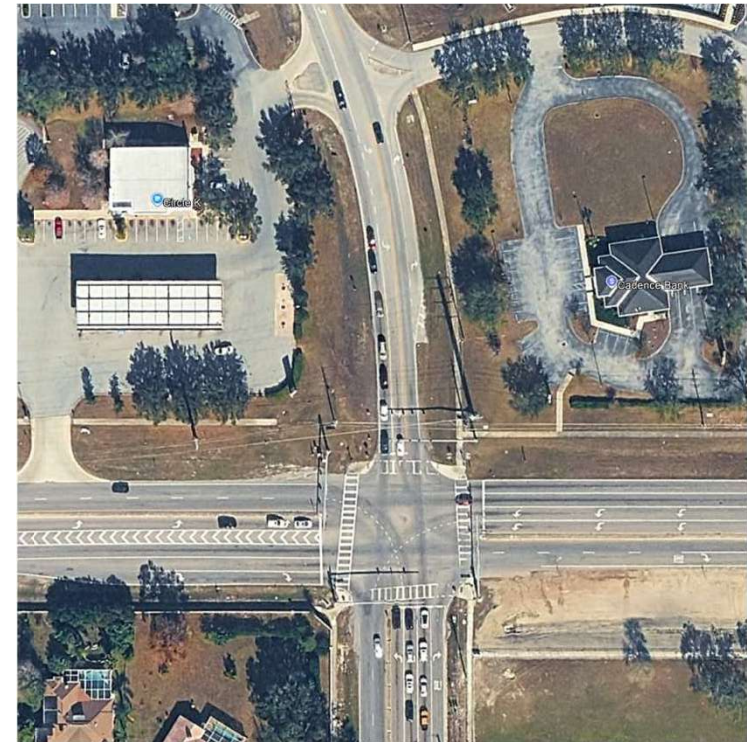
Barclay Ave from Elgin Blvd / Powell Rd to Spring Hill Dr	
County	Hernando
Segment Length	1.0 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	4 (w/ Center Turn Lane)
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	0.50
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	#2,#4
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	25,438
2040 Max Truck Share	2.3%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.6 (NB @ 7:15am)
Transit Service	Route 4 (Green)
Crash Hot Spot	No
Non-Motorized Facilities	Sidewalks
Land Use Factors	Schools (x2), Multi-family Residential, Shopping/Activity Centers, New Development



H-7: Barclay Ave

Elgin Blvd / Powell Rd to Spring Hill Dr

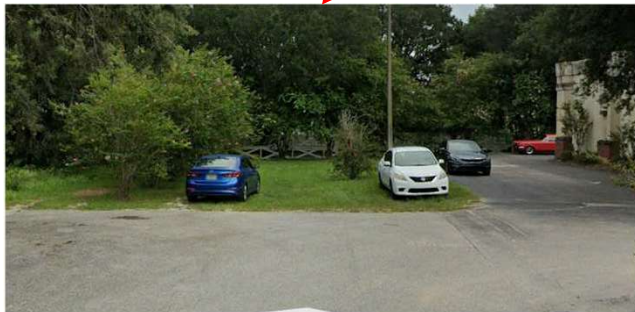
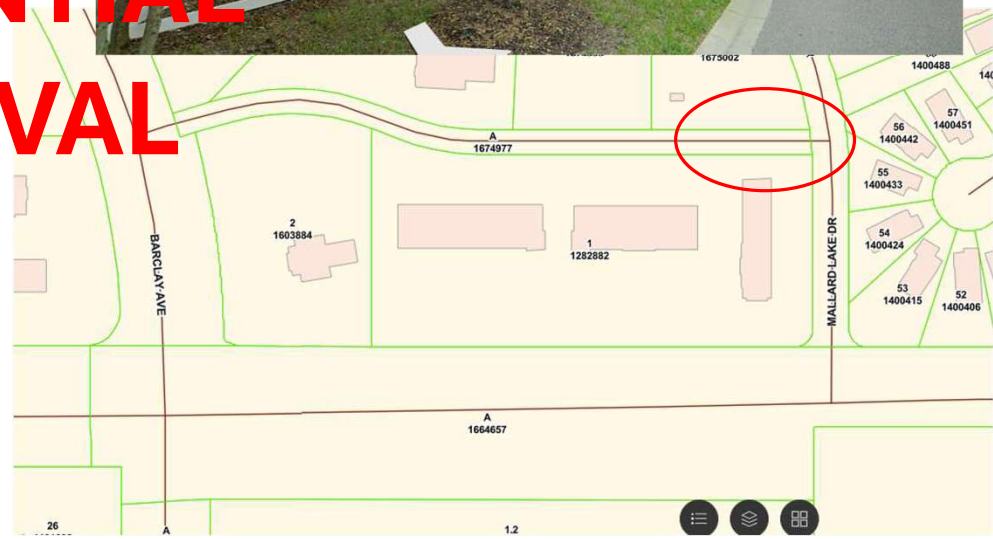
- Bottleneck associated with school start time.
 - Coordinate with schools to promote transportation options
- Barclay 2-lanes north of Elgin / Powell.
 - Construction additional SB storage and NB receiving lane on Barclay
 - Convert NB to EB right to shared thru/right
 - Connect Odyssey Drive to Mallard Lake Dr.
- County programmed improvements on Barclay



H-7: Barclay Ave Elgin Blvd / Powell Rd to Spring Hill Dr



**POTENTIAL
REMOVAL**



H-8: Wiscon Rd

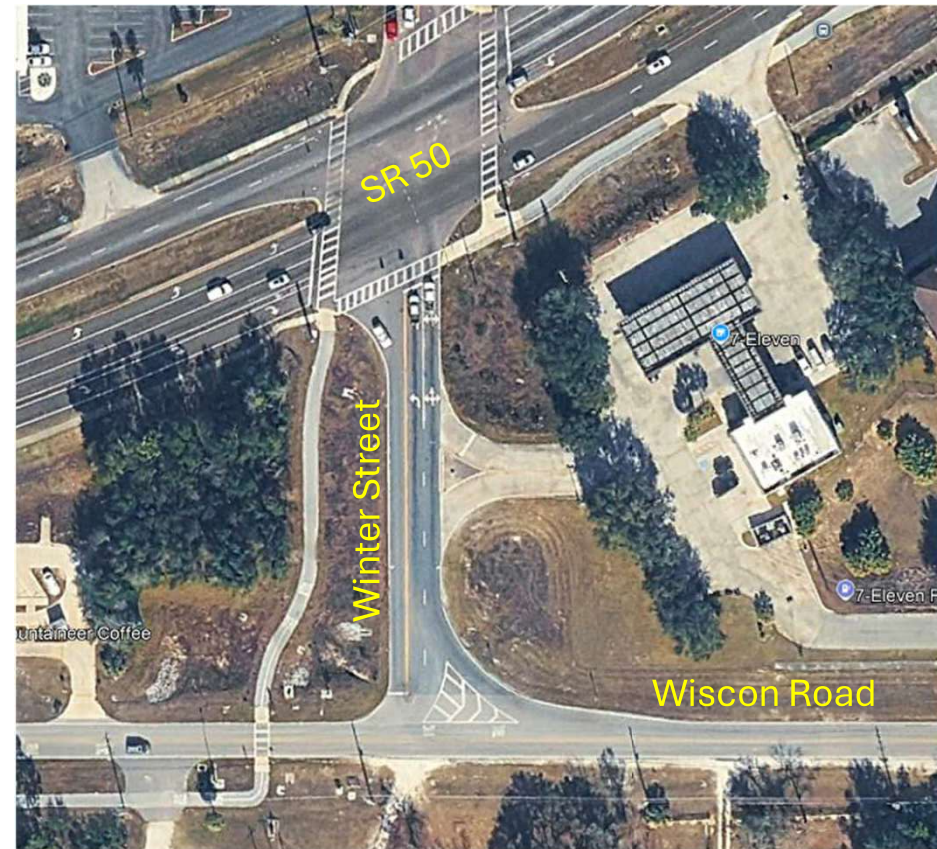
SR 50 (Cortez Blvd) to California St

Wiscon Rd from SR 50 / Cortez Blvd to California St	
County	Hernando
Segment Length	1.1 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	2
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	0.39
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	#5
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	6,198
2040 Max Truck Share	1.7%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.4 (WB; multiple times throughout the day)
Transit Service	Route 3 (Purple) and Route 4 (Green)
Crash Hot Spot	No
Non-Motorized Facilities	None
Land Use Factors	Multi-family Residential, Shopping/Activity Centers, New Development



H-8: Wiscon Rd SR 50 (Cortez Blvd) to California St

- Delay associated with SR 50 signal occurs throughout the day
- Wiscon serves as local bypass of SR 50
- Traffic Study of Wiscon and Winter Street intersection
 - Lane utilization
 - Affect of uncontrolled EB movement
 - Evaluate Origin-Destination of trips



C-6: Dunnellon Rd

US 19 / US 98 to Chabaud Terrace

Dunnellon Rd from US 19 / Suncoast Blvd to Chabaud Ter	
County	Citrus
Segment Length	0.7 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	2
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	1.23
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	N/A
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	6,675
2040 Max Truck Share	5.2%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.3 (EB @ 11:30 AM)
Transit Service	N/A
Crash Hot Spot	No
Non-Motorized Facilities	None
Land Use Factors	Multi-family Residential



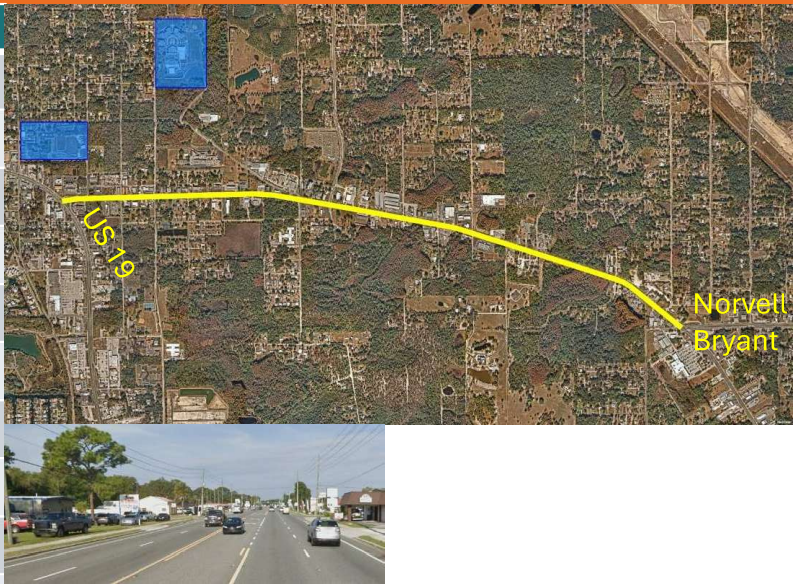
C-6: Dunnellon Rd

US 19 / US 98 to Chabaud Terrace

- High truck percentage
 - Identify destinations and potential turning movement delays
- US 19 Resurfacing (NW 7th Ave to S of Withlacoochee River Bridge)
 - Programmed in FY 2027
- Suncoast Parkway Phase 3 Extension to US 19
 - Realignment of Dunnellon Road
 - Construction Programmed FY 2028
- Complete Traffic Study
 - Determine need for addition of right-turn lane
 - Signal re-timing options
 - Adaptive traffic signal consideration for random arrivals
 - Confirm changes to future travel patterns

C-8: SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy) US 19 / US 98 to Norvell Bryant Hwy

SR 44 / Gulf to Lake Hwy from US 98 / Suncoast Blvd to Norvell Bryant Hwy	
County	Citrus
Segment Length	1.1 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	4 (w/ Center Turn Lane)
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	1.45
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	#3
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	24,328
2040 Max Truck Share	2.6%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.1 (WB @ 2:15pm)
Transit Service	Crystal River Route
Crash Hot Spot	Yes
Non-Motorized Facilities	Sidewalks
Land Use Factors	Schools (x2), Multi-family Residential, Shopping/Activity Centers, New Development

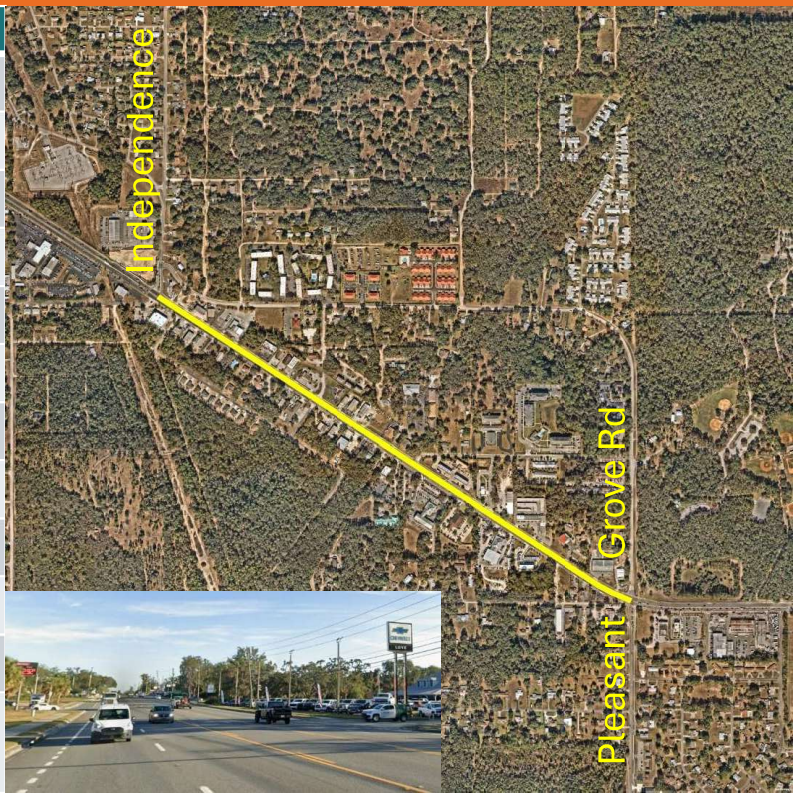


C-8: SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy) US 19 / US 98 to Norvell Bryant Hwy

- High traffic demand
 - Norvell Bryant and SR 44 traffic merging together
- Regional option once Suncoast Phase 3 is completed
- Advance recommendations from Turkey Oak Drive Corridor Evaluation
 - Extend SB to EB left-turn at SR 44
 - Adjust signal phases at US 19/98 and at SR 44 to reduce crashes
- Evaluate Access Management and Two-Way Left Turn Lane
- Implement Recommendation from Citrus County TDP
 - Cross County Shuttle – connect Inverness and Crystal River
 - Bus shelters at high ridership stops
- Coordinate with schools to promote transportation options

C-12: SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy) Independence Hwy to Pleasant Grove Rd

SR 44 / Gulf to Lake Hwy from Independence Hwy/Crystal Blvd to Pleasant Grove Rd / Forest Dr	
County	Citrus
Segment Length	0.9 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	4 (w/ Center Turn Lane)
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	0.77
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	#6,#2
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	22,358
2040 Max Truck Share	3.9%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.6 (EB @ 5:15 PM)
Transit Service	Floral City Route and Hernando Route
Crash Hot Spot	Yes
Non-Motorized Facilities	Sidewalks
Land Use Factors	Multi-family Residential, Parks Shopping/Activity Centers, New Development



C-12: SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy) Independence Hwy to Pleasant Grove Rd

- Split Phase Signal at Pleasant Grove Road
 - Northbound and Southbound operating at different times
- Conduct Signal Timing Study
 - Coordination of arrivals to accommodate EB to SB right turns
- Potential intersection modifications at Pleasant Grove Road
 - Move crosswalks and stop bars closer to intersection
 - Reduce all red clearance interval
 - Can an EB to SB right-turn lane be added (limited ROW)
 - Coordination with Citrus County on proposed intersection recommendations

C-13: SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy / Main St) Pleasant Grove Rd to Citrus High School

SR 44 / Gulf to Lake Hwy / Main St from Pleasant Grove Rd / Forest Dr to US 41 / Citrus High School	
County	Citrus
Segment Length	0.8 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	4 (w/ Center Turn Lane)
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	1.09
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	#1
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	31,580
2040 Max Truck Share	4.3%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.9 (WB @ 5:15 PM)
Transit Service	Floral City Route and Hernando Route
Crash Hot Spot	Yes
Non-Motorized Facilities	Sidewalks
Land Use Factors	Schools (x2), Multi-family Residential, Parks Shopping/Activity Centers, New Development



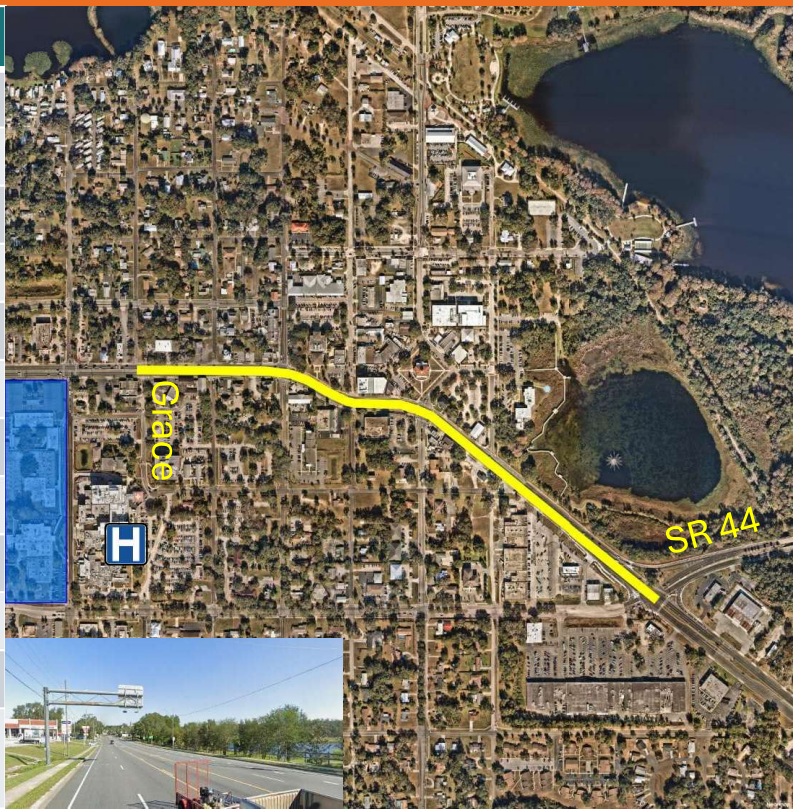
C-13: SR 44 (Gulf to Lake Hwy / Main St) Pleasant Grove Rd to Citrus High School

- Split Phase Signal at Pleasant Grove Road
 - Northbound and Southbound operating at different times
- Conduct Signal Timing Study
 - Coordination of arrivals to accommodate EB to SB right turns
- Potential intersection modifications at Pleasant Grove Road
 - Move crosswalks and stop bars closer to intersection
 - Reduce all red clearance interval
 - Add EB to SB right-turn lane
- Incorporate median islands to improve safety



C-2: Main St Grace Street (Citrus Hospital) to SR 44

US 41 / Main St from Citrus High School to SR 44 / Gulf to Lake Hwy	
County	Citrus
Segment Length	0.9 Miles
Existing # of Lanes	4 (w/ Center Turn Lane)
2030 Max Volume/Capacity Ratio	1.24
2024 County Bottleneck Rank	#7
2030 Max Total Vehicle Volume	39,848
2040 Max Truck Share	6.6%
2024 Max Travel Time Index	1.4 (NB @ 5:15 PM)
Transit Service	Floral City Route
Crash Hot Spot	Yes
Non-Motorized Facilities	Sidewalks
Land Use Factors	Schools (x2), Multi-family Residential, Shopping/Activity Centers, New Development



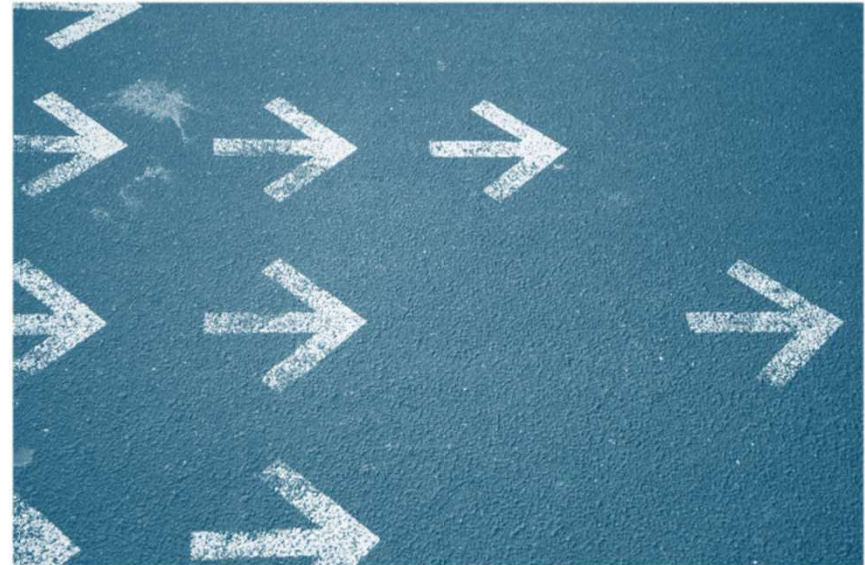
C-2: Main St

Grace Street (Citrus Hospital) to SR 44

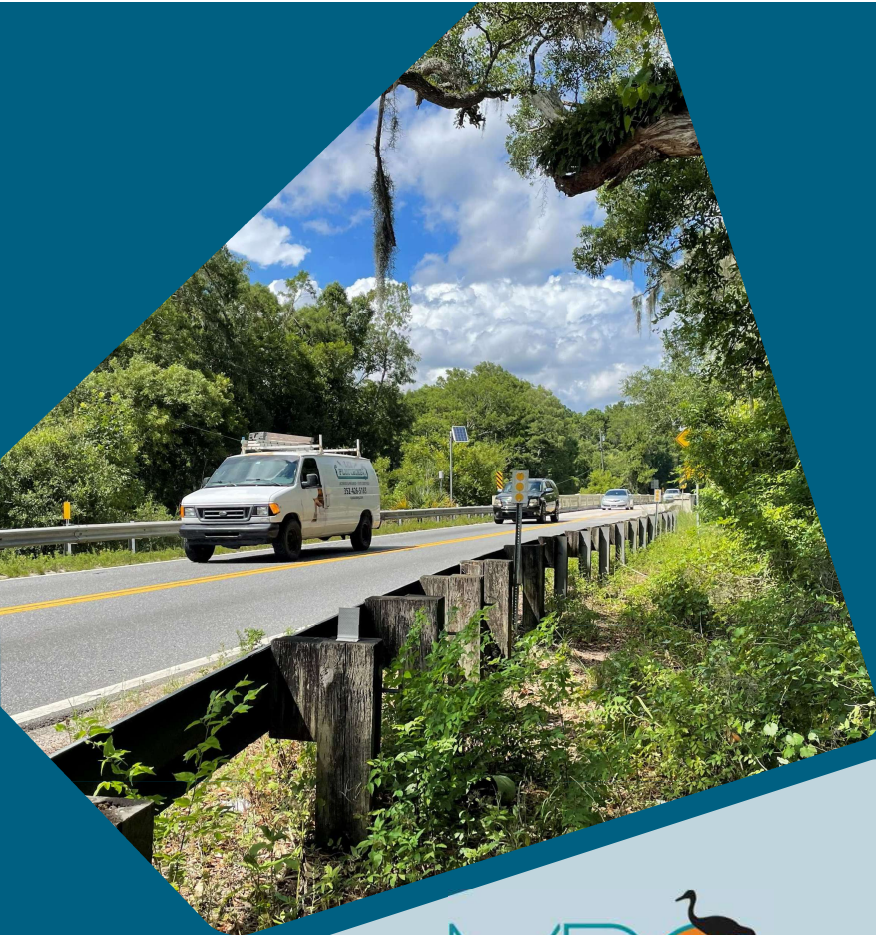
- High traffic demand
 - US 41 and SR 44 traffic merging together
 - Both US 41/SR 44 intersections under construction in 2024
- Conduct corridor traffic study
 - Consider Highland Blvd / Montgomery Ave as an alternative route
 - Include advanced travel time information for routing options
- Extend Multi-Use Path on Highland Blvd east of Apopka St (0.25 miles)
- Implement Recommendation from Citrus County TDP
 - Cross County Shuttle – connect Inverness and Crystal River
 - Bus shelters at high ridership stops
- Coordinate with schools to promote transportation options
- Incorporate median islands to improve safety

Next Steps

- Receive committee feedback on location-specific recommendations
May 8th
- Present results to the MPO Board and Advisory Committees
May 28th / June 4th
- Finalize CMP Documentation
End of June



THANK YOU!



Roadway LOS (Level of Service)

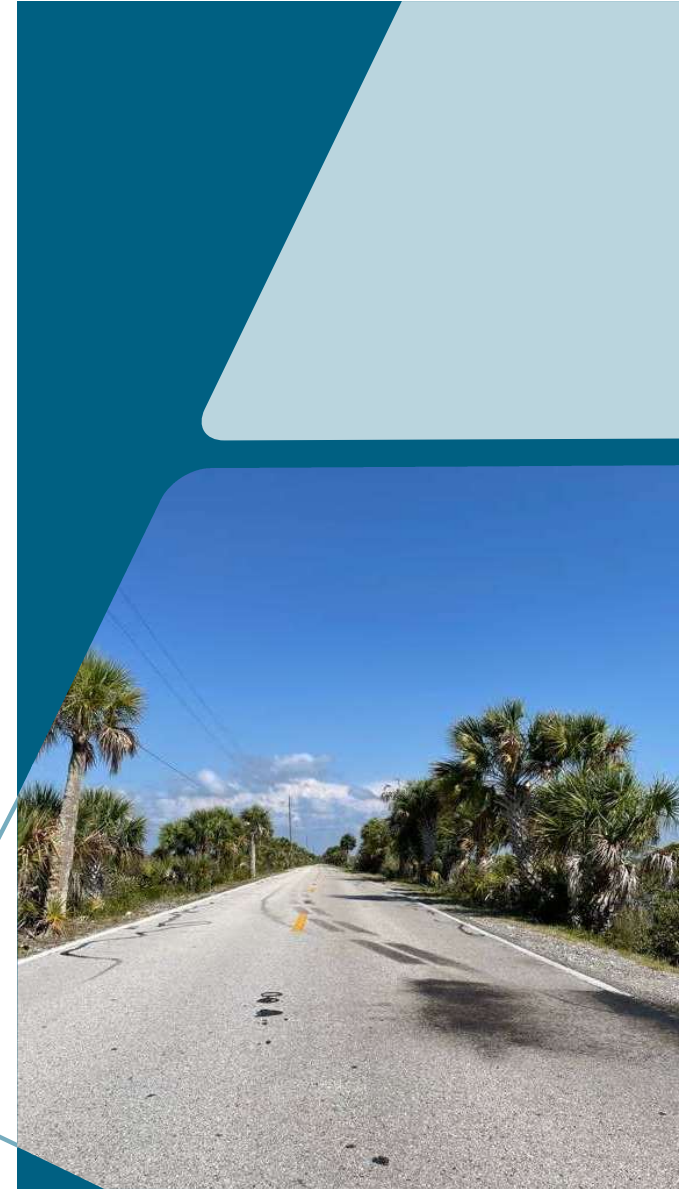
Hernando County
&
Citrus County



Kimley»»Horn

Introduction/Overview

- Context Classification & Level of Service Explained
- Select Local Input Variables
- Draft 2025 Level of Service
- Next Steps



Context Classification



C1-Natural

Lands preserved in a natural or wilderness condition, including lands unsuitable for settlement due to natural conditions.

C2-Rural

Sparsely settled lands; may include agricultural land, grassland, woodland, and wetlands.

C2T-Rural Town

Small concentrations of developed areas immediately surrounded by rural and natural areas; includes many historic towns.

C3R-Suburban Residential

Mostly residential uses within large blocks and a disconnected or sparse roadway network.

C3C-Suburban Commercial

Mostly non-residential uses with large building footprints and large parking lots within large blocks and a disconnected or sparse roadway network.

C4-Urban General

Mix of uses set within small blocks with a well-connected roadway network. May extend long distances. The roadway network usually connects to residential neighborhoods immediately along the corridor or behind the uses fronting the roadway.

C5-Urban Center

Mix of uses set within small blocks with a well-connected roadway network. Typically concentrated around a few blocks and identified as part of a civic or economic center of a community, town, or city.

C6-Urban Core

Areas with the highest densities and building heights, and within FDOT classified Large Urbanized Areas (population >1,000,000). Many are regional centers and destinations. Buildings have mixed uses, are built up to the roadway, and are within a well-connected roadway network.

Level of Service

- Roadway Types (What LOS Measures)
 - Freeways/Turnpike (Density)
 - 2 Lane Uninterrupted Flow Roads (% Time Following)
 - Multi-Lane Uninterrupted Flow Roads (Density)
 - Signalized Arterials and Collectors (Average Speed)



2023 MULTIMODAL QUALITY/ LEVEL OF SERVICE HANDBOOK

State of Florida
Department of Transportation
Systems Implementation Office
605 Suwannee St. MS 19
Tallahassee, FL 32399

www.fdot.gov/planning
January 2023

C3C & C3R

Motor Vehicle Arterial Generalized Service Volume Tables

Peak Hour Directional

	B	C	D	E
1 Lane	*	760	1,070	**
2 Lane	*	1,520	1,810	**
3 Lane	*	2,360	2,680	**
4 Lane	*	3,170	3,180	**



(C3C-Suburban Commercial)

	B	C	D	E
1 Lane	*	970	1,110	**
2 Lane	*	1,700	1,850	**
3 Lane	*	2,620	2,730	**



(C3R-Suburban Residential)

Peak Hour Two-Way

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	1,380	1,950	**
4 Lane	*	2,760	3,290	**
6 Lane	*	4,290	4,870	**
8 Lane	*	5,760	5,780	**

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	1,760	2,020	**
4 Lane	*	3,090	3,360	**
6 Lane	*	4,760	4,960	**

AADT

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	15,300	21,700	**
4 Lane	*	30,700	36,600	**
6 Lane	*	47,700	54,100	**
8 Lane	*	64,000	64,200	**

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	19,600	22,400	**
4 Lane	*	34,300	37,300	**
6 Lane	*	52,900	55,100	**

Adjustment Factors

The peak hour directional service volumes should be adjusted by multiplying by 1.2 for one-way facilities
 The AADT service volumes should be adjusted by multiplying 0.6 for one way facilities
 2 Lane Divided Roadway with an Exclusive Left Turn Lane(s): Multiply by 1.05
 2 lane Undivided Roadway with No Exclusive Left Turn Lane(s): Multiply by 0.80

Exclusive right turn lane(s): Multiply by 1.05
 Multilane Undivided Roadway with an Exclusive Left Turn Lane(s): Multiply by 0.95
 Multilane Roadway with No Exclusive Left Turn Lane(s): Multiply by 0.75
 Non-State Signalized Roadway: Multiply by 0.90

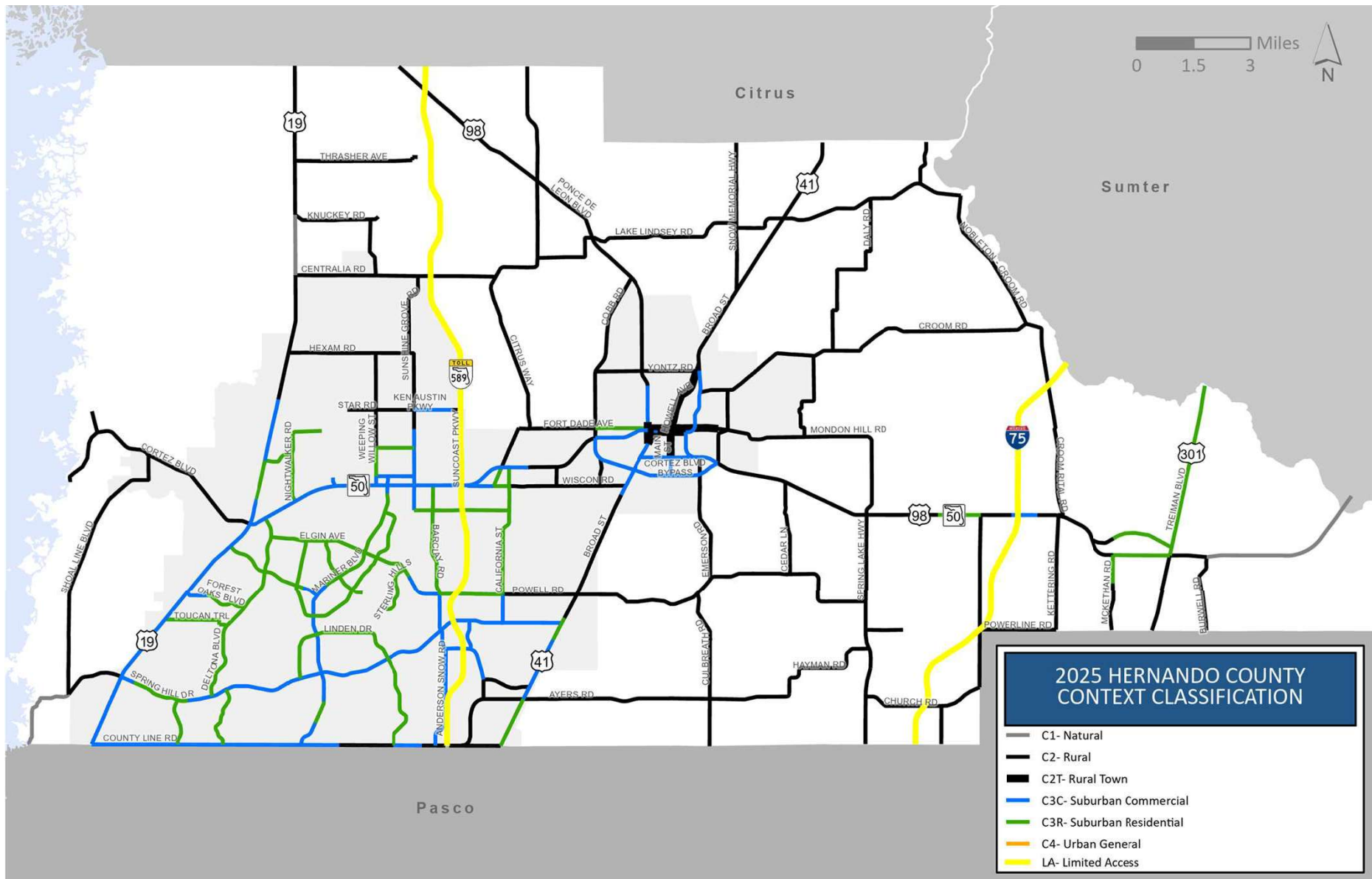
This table does not constitute a standard and should be used only for general planning applications. The table should not be used for corridor or intersection design, where more refined techniques exist.
 * Cannot be achieved using table input value defaults.

** Not applicable for that level of service letter grade. For the automobile mode, volumes greater than level of service D become F because intersection capacities have been reached.

LEVEL OF SERVICE THRESHOLDS

Level of Service	Freeways	Highways		Arterials	
	Density	Two-Lane	Multilane	Class I	Class II
		%ffs	Density	ats	ats
B	≤ 17	> 83.3	≤ 17	> 31 mph	> 22 mph
C	≤ 24	> 75.0	≤ 24	> 23 mph	> 17 mph
D	≤ 31	> 66.7	≤ 31	> 18 mph	> 13 mph
E	≤ 39	> 58.3	≤ 35	> 15 mph	> 10 mph

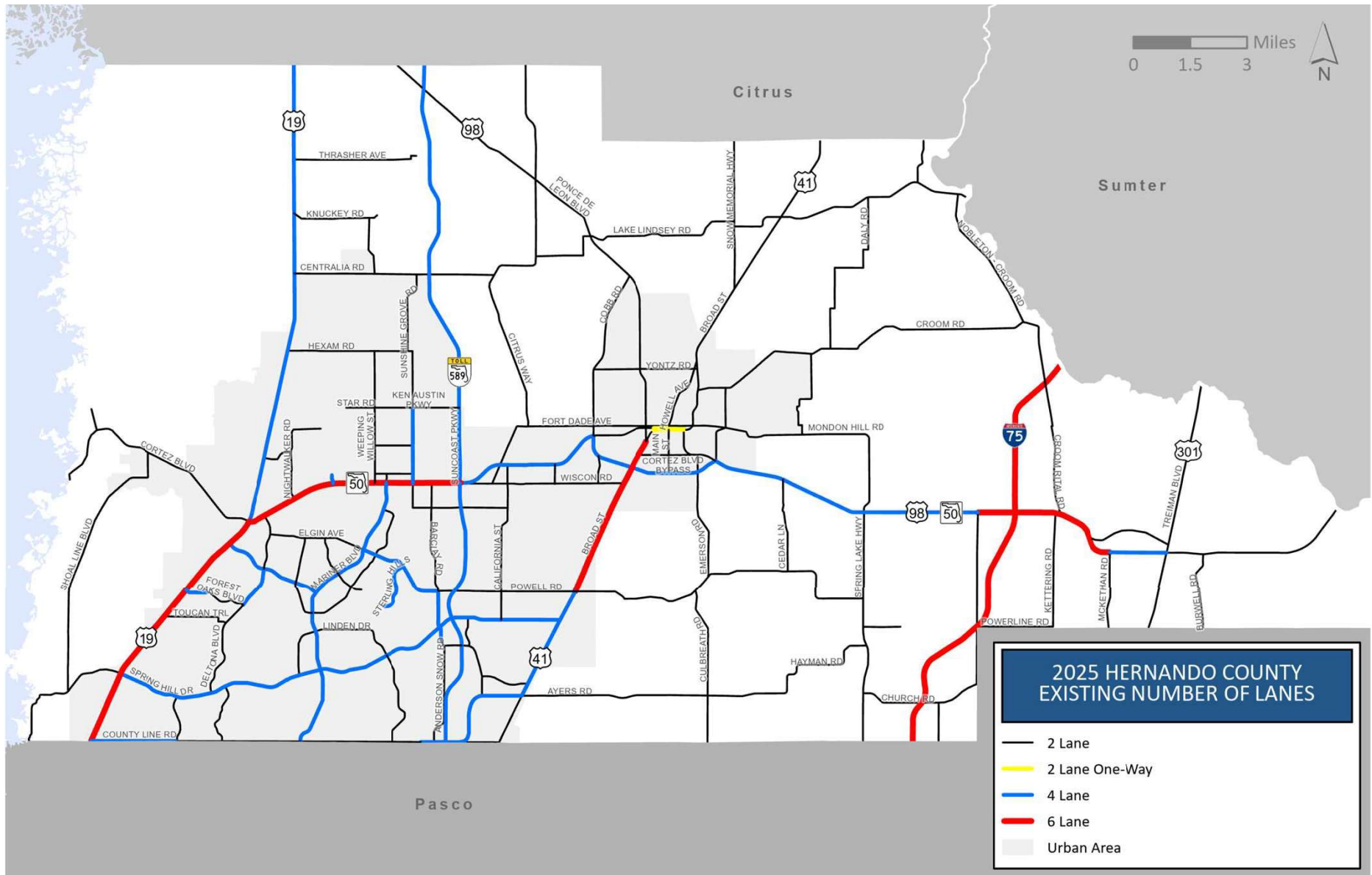
% ffs = Percent free flow speed ats = Average travel speed



Citrus

Sumter

Pasco



Citrus

Sumter

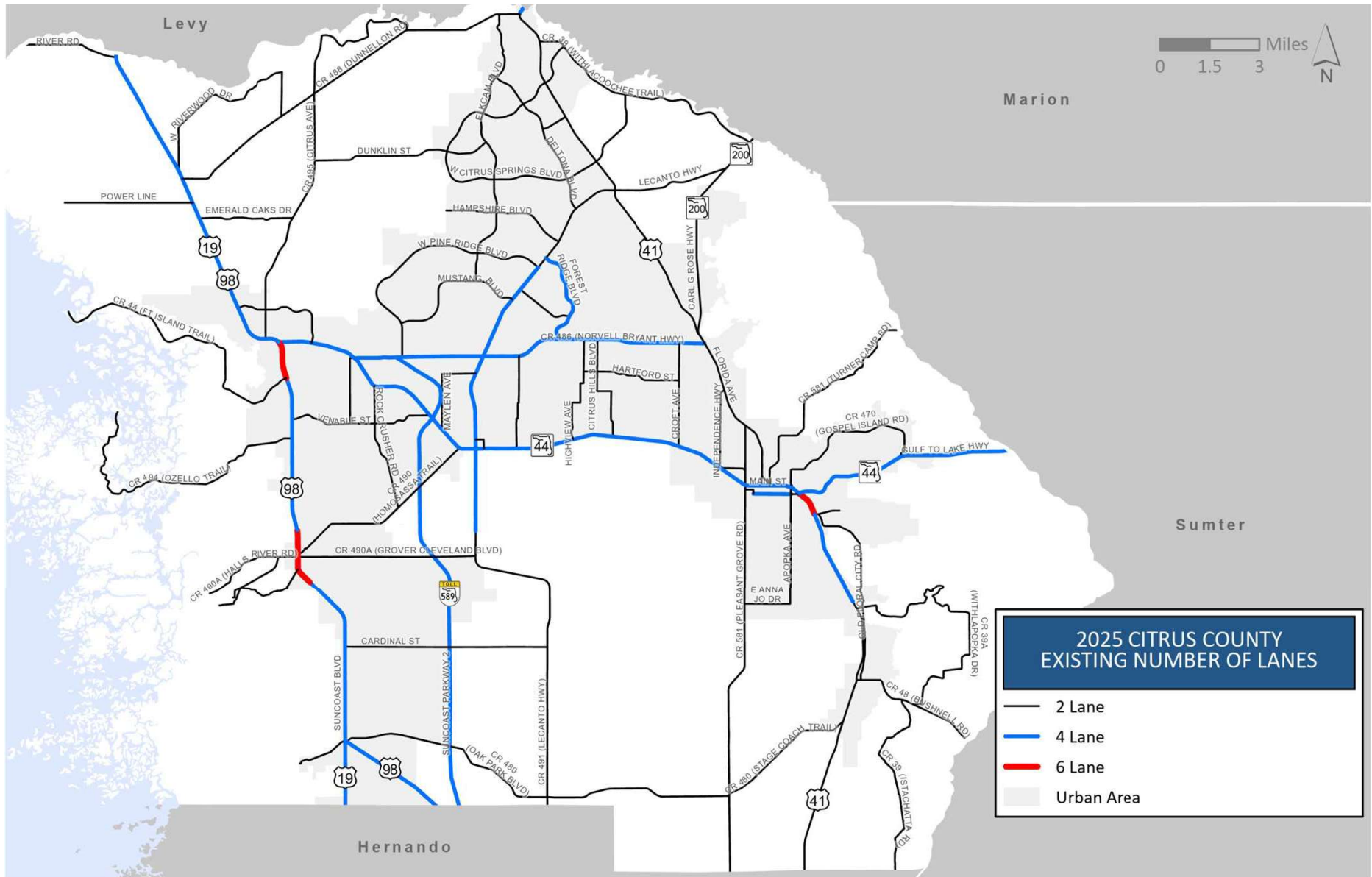
Pasco

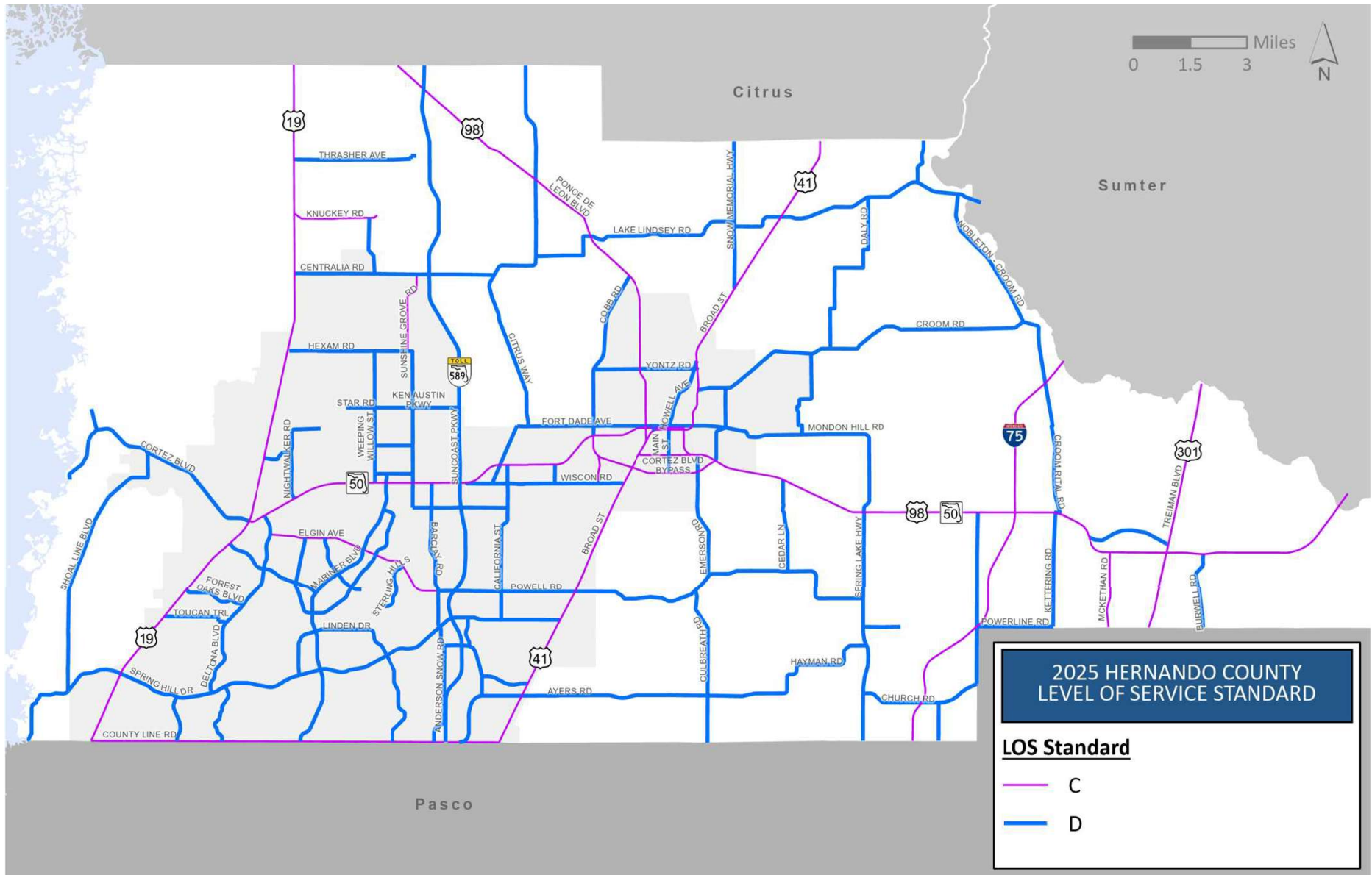
0 1.5 3 Miles



2025 HERNANDO COUNTY EXISTING NUMBER OF LANES

- 2 Lane
- 2 Lane One-Way
- 4 Lane
- 6 Lane
- Urban Area





0 1.5 3 Miles



Citrus

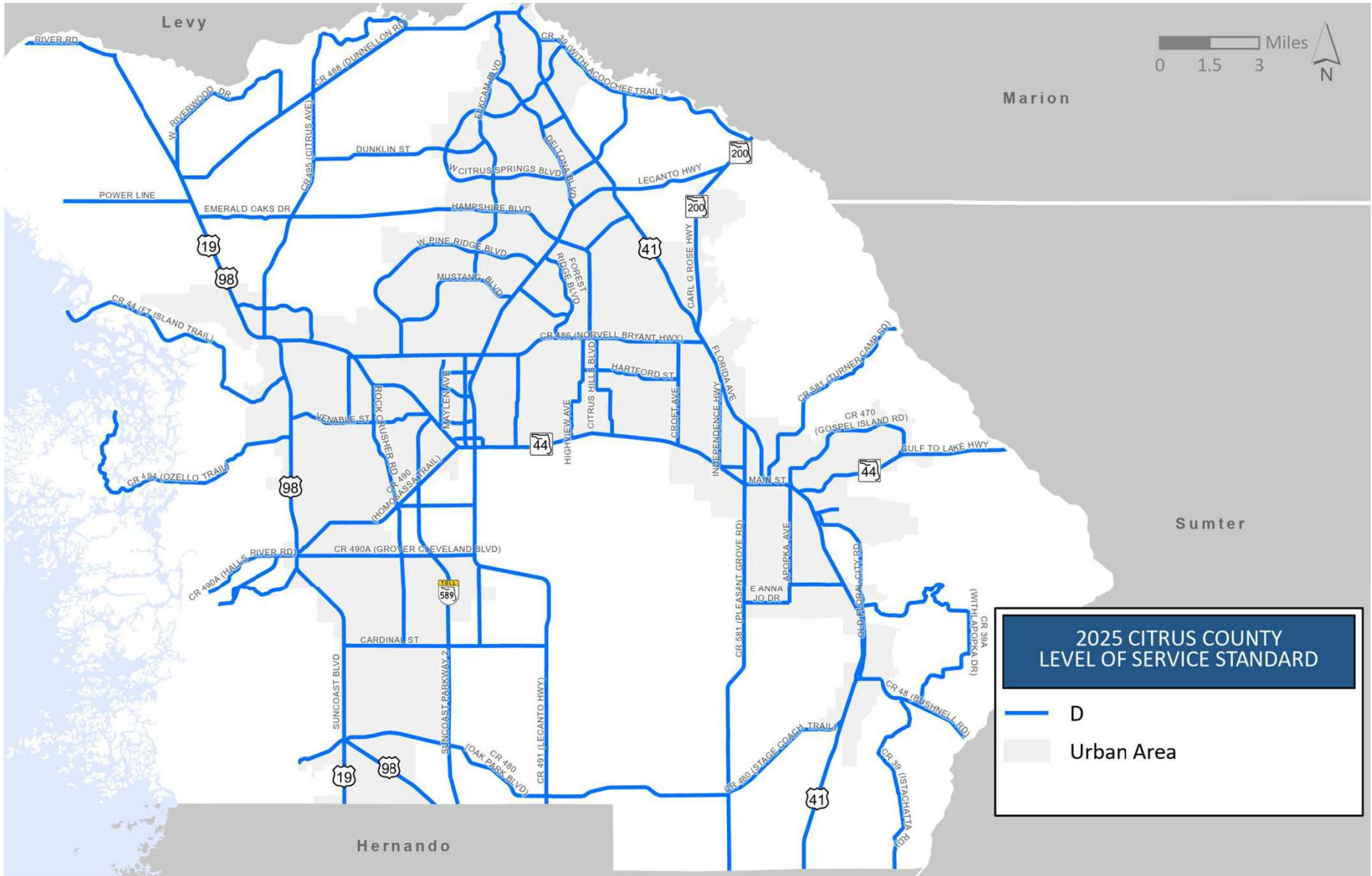
Sumter

Pasco

**2025 HERNANDO COUNTY
LEVEL OF SERVICE STANDARD**

LOS Standard

- C
- D



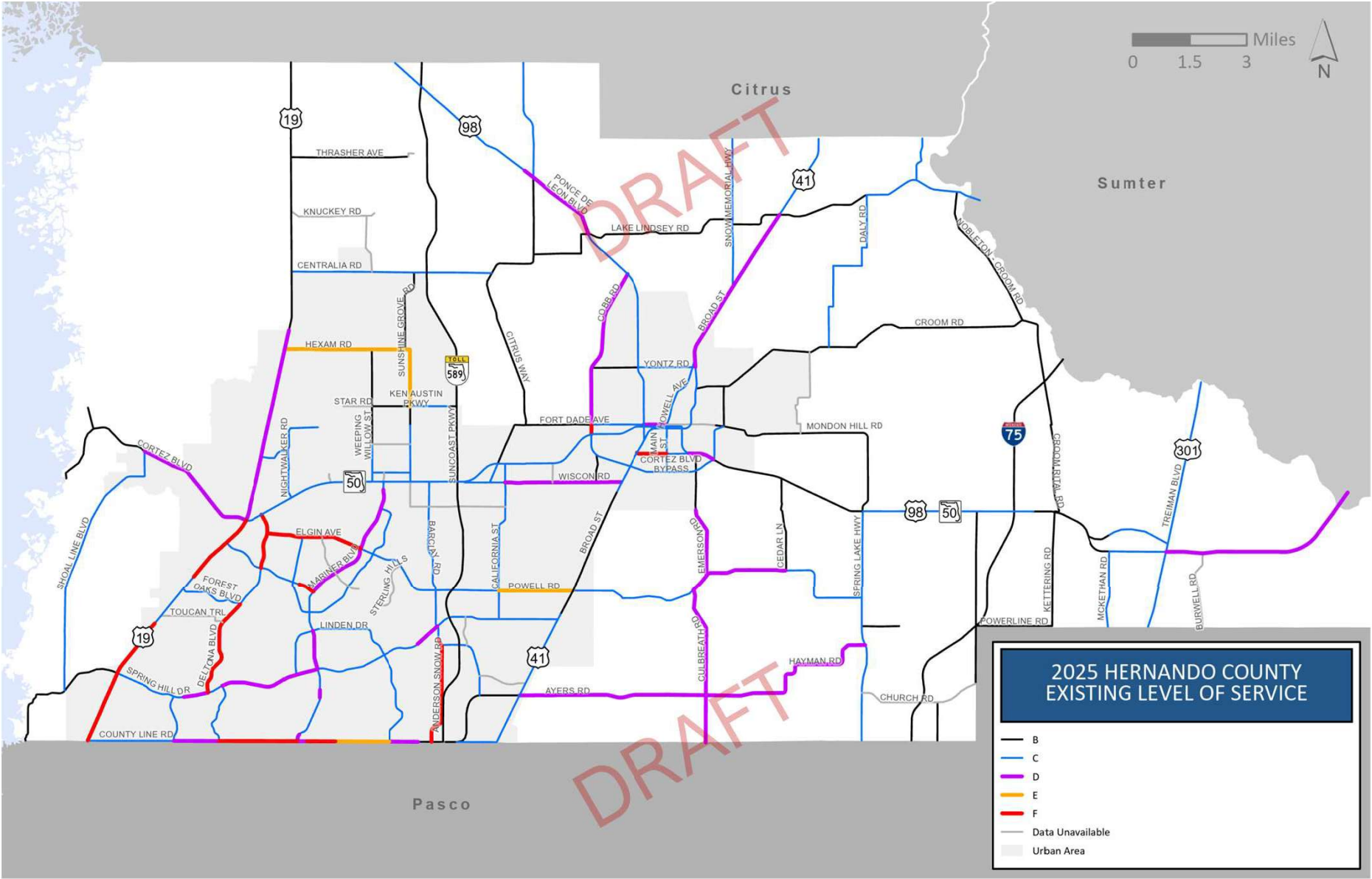


Citrus

Sumter

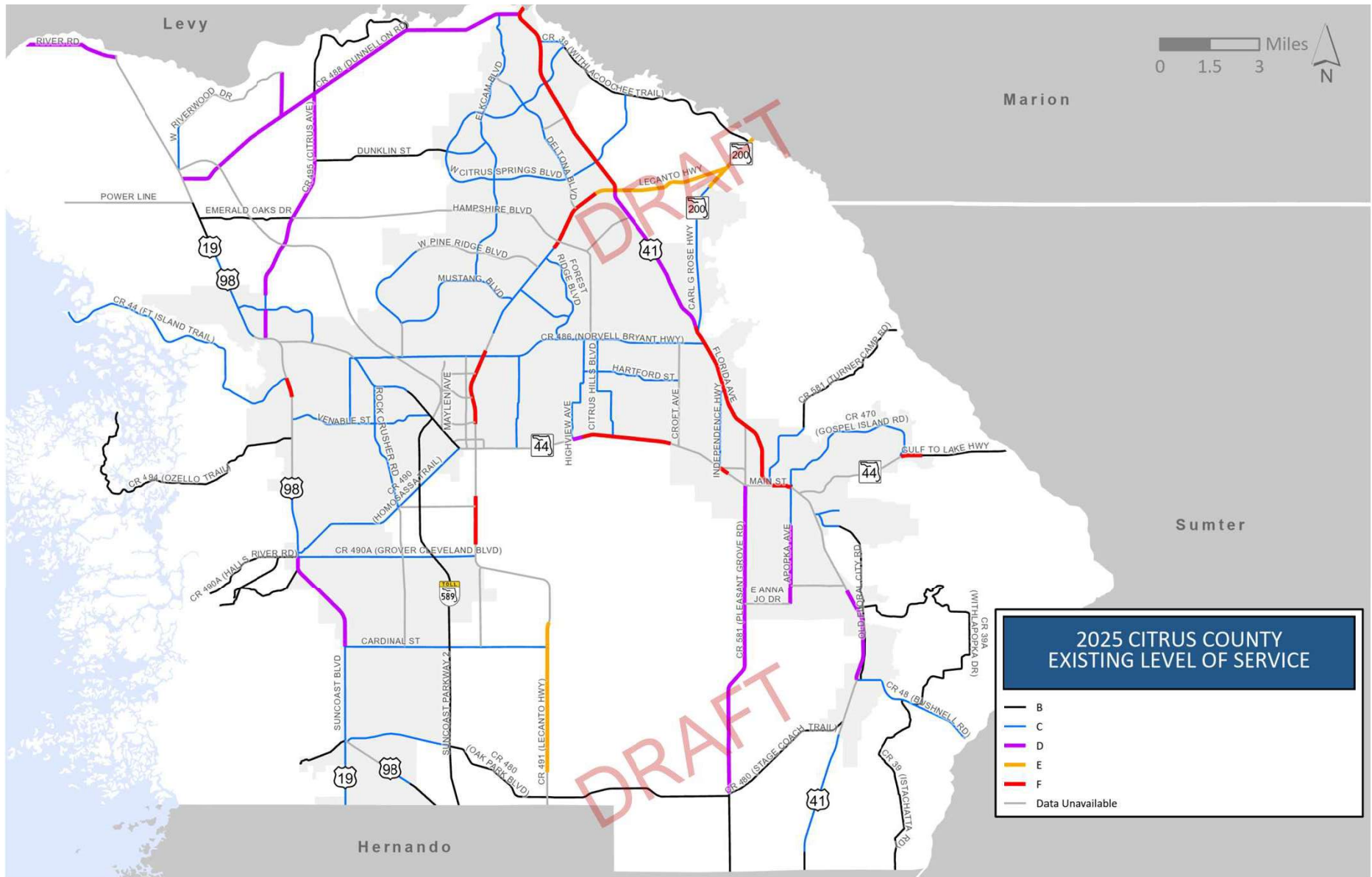
Pasco

DRAFT



2025 HERNANDO COUNTY EXISTING LEVEL OF SERVICE

- B
- C
- D
- E
- F
- Data Unavailable
- Urban Area



Levy



Marion

Sumter

Hernando

DRAFT

Next Steps

- Local LOS Review
- LOS Revisions
- LOS Spreadsheet Release
- Finalize Documentation





Q&A

C2T, C4, C5, & C6

Motor Vehicle Arterial Generalized Service Volume Tables



Peak Hour Directional

	B	C	D	E
1 Lane	*	720	940	**
2 Lane	*	1,140	1,640	**
3 Lane	*	2,120	2,510	**

Peak Hour Two-Way

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	1,310	1,710	**
4 Lane	*	2,070	2,980	**
6 Lane	*	3,850	4,560	**

AADT

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	13,800	18,000	**
4 Lane	*	21,800	31,400	**
6 Lane	*	40,500	48,000	**



	B	C	D	E
1 Lane	*	*	870	1,190
2 Lane	*	1,210	1,790	2,020
3 Lane	*	2,210	2,810	2,990
4 Lane	*	2,590	3,310	3,510

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	*	1,580	2,160
4 Lane	*	2,200	3,250	3,670
6 Lane	*	4,020	5,110	5,440
8 Lane	*	4,710	6,020	6,380

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	*	17,600	24,000
4 Lane	*	24,400	36,100	40,800
6 Lane	*	44,700	56,800	60,400
8 Lane	*	52,300	66,900	70,900



	B	C	D	E
1 Lane	*	*	690	1,080
2 Lane	*	1,290	1,900	2,130
3 Lane	*	1,410	2,670	3,110
4 Lane	*	2,910	3,560	3,640

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	*	1,250	1,960
4 Lane	*	2,350	3,450	3,870
6 Lane	*	2,560	4,850	5,650
8 Lane	*	5,290	6,470	6,620

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	*	13,900	21,800
4 Lane	*	26,100	38,300	43,000
6 Lane	*	28,400	53,900	62,800
8 Lane	*	58,800	71,900	73,600



	B	C	D	E
1 Lane	*	***	790	1,030
2 Lane	*	***	1,490	1,920
3 Lane	*	***	2,730	2,940
4 Lane	*	***	3,250	3,490

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	***	1,440	1,870
4 Lane	*	***	2,710	3,490
6 Lane	*	***	4,960	5,350
8 Lane	*	***	5,910	6,350

	B	C	D	E
2 Lane	*	***	16,000	20,800
4 Lane	*	***	30,100	38,800
6 Lane	*	***	55,100	59,400
8 Lane	*	***	65,700	70,600

Adjustment Factors

The peak hour directional service volumes should be adjusted by multiplying by 1.2 for one-way facilities
 The AADT service volumes should be adjusted by multiplying 0.6 for one way facilities
 2 Lane Divided Roadway with an Exclusive Left Turn Lane(s): Multiply by 1.05
 2 lane Undivided Roadway with No Exclusive Left Turn Lane(s): Multiply by 0.80

Exclusive right turn lane(s): Multiply by 1.05
 Multilane Undivided Roadway with an Exclusive Left Turn Lane(s): Multiply by 0.95
 Multilane Roadway with No Exclusive Left Turn Lane(s): Multiply by 0.75
 Non-State Signalized Roadway: Multiply by 0.90

This table does not constitute a standard and should be used only for general planning applications. The table should not be used for corridor or intersection design, where more refined techniques exist.
 *Cannot be achieved using table input value defaults. **Not applicable for that level of service letter grade. For the automobile mode, volumes greater than level of service D become F because intersection capacities have been reached.
 ***LOS C thresholds are not applicable for C6 as C6 roadway facilities are neither planned nor designed to achieve automobile LOS C.